

AN-UM-SFP+LR 10Gb/s 10KM SFP+ Optical Transceiver

Product Features

[+] 10Gb/s serial optical interface compliant to 802.3ae

10GBASE-LR.

- [+] 1310nm DFB transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- [+] Up to 10km transmission on SMF
- [+] Duplex LC connector
- [+] Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- [+] Electrical interface compliant to SFF-8431
- [+] Speci cations for 10 Gigabit "SFP+"
- [+] 2-wire interface for management
- [+] Speci cations compliant with SFF 8472
- [+] Single 3.3V power supply
- [+] Power dissipation < 1.5W
- [+] Case operating temperature range: -5°C to 70°C

Applications

- [+] 10GBASE-LR/LW
- [+] 10G Ethernet

Standard

- [+] Compliant with SFF-8472 SFP+ MSA
- [+] Compliant to SFP+ SFF-8431 and SFF-8432.
- [+] Compliant to 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR.
- [+] RoHS Compliant.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4.7	V	
Storage Temperature Case	TS	-40		85	°C	
Operating Temperature	Tcase	-5		70	°C	

Electrical Characteristics (Tcase = -5 to 70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			300	mA	



Y	A	A	X
	COMMU	INICATIO	NS

		COMMUNICATIO	DNS			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Ref.
Input di erential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+0.	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				8 10	us	
Receiver						
Di erential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time Data	tr	28			ps	4
output fall time	tr	28			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3			V	5

VLOS norm

PSR

Vee

100

LOS Normal

Power Supply Rejection

VccHOS T

Vee+0.8

5

6

mVpp



Notes:

- 1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
- 2.Or open circuit.
- 3.Into 100 ohms di erential termination.
- 4.20 80 %.
- 5.Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
- 6.Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to speci ed value applied through the recommended power supply Itering network.

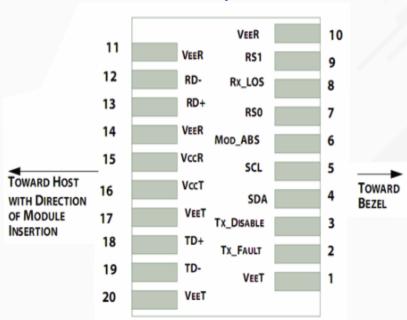
Optical Characteristics (Tcase = -5 to70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol Min Typ		Max	Unit	Ref	
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr	Роит	-6		-0.5	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	1260	1310	1355	nm	
Wavelength Temperature Dependance			0.08	0.125	nm/°C	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Transmitter and Dispersion Peanlty	TDP 3.2		3.2	dB		
Optical Rise/Fall Time	tr/ tf		0.1	0.26	ns	
RIN	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Output Eye Mask		Complian	t with IEEE	0802.3ae		
Receiver						
Rx Sensitivity	RSENS			-15	dBm	2
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	0.5			dBm	
Wavelength Range	λ _c	1270		1610	nm	
LOS De -Assert	LOSD			-17	dBm	
LOS Assert LOSA -30		-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis 0.5		1.0		dB		



Notes: 1. Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations. 2. With worst-case extinction ratio. Measured with a PRBS 231 -1 test pattern, @10.325Gb/s, BER<10

Pin Description



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	



13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k-10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
- 3. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 4. Should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ $10k\Omega$ host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
- 6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

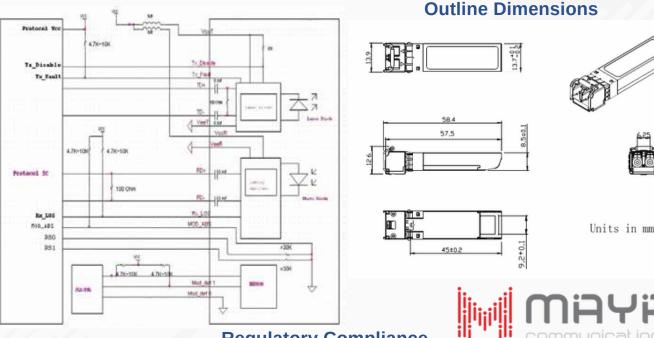
Digital Diagnostic Functions

AD-Net's AN-UM-SFP+LR transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as de ned in the SFP MSA1. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identi cation information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information. Additionally, AD-Net SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also de nes a sophisticated system of alarm and warning ags, which alerts endusers when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.



The SFP MSA de nes a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally de ned serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

Host - Transceiver Interface Block Diagram



Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards	
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards	
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product	
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards	
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards	
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards	

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